The new UK independent film tax credit: October 2024 update

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The UK independent film tax credit (IFTC) was initially announced in the 2024 Spring Budget. In October, the UK's Labour government confirmed the go-ahead of the IFTC and released a Statutory Instrument (2024. No 1009) giving further information.

Falling within the audio-visual expenditure credit system (AVEC) which launched in January 2024, the UK independent film tax credit (IFTC) is aimed to give specific support to UK indie film-making and UK talent in films. The BFI certification unit will accept IFTC applications from 30 October 2024.

Tax relief available

The IFTC credit rate will be 53% of qualifying expenditure.

It will be calculated in the same way as AVEC, ie only on the costs of production activities and not ancillary ones such as finance, marketing and distribution. Qualifying expenditure is capped at 80% of a film's total core expenditure, or on the amount of UK core expenditure. The maximum credit a film can receive is £6.36million.

The IFTC (like AVEC) is an above-the-line tax credit on qualifying expenditure and is taxable at the main rate of corporation tax – currently 25%. At that rate, the maximum cash repayable element would be £4.77million.

This means the IFTC rate nets down after the corporation tax is deducted to 39.75%. This is still significantly higher than the AVEC rate for films, which nets down to 25.5%.

Exclusions

- TV programmes (only productions with the intention of a theatrical release will qualify).
- If claiming the IFTC, separate claims for the visual effects and animation uplifts cannot be made.





Qualification criteria

- ✓ Film production budgets (excluding financing, marketing and distribution costs) must not exceed £23.5million. That said, the ITFC can only be claimed on £15 million of qualifying costs.
- Films must pass a new British Film Industry (BFI) test and meet at least one of the following:
 - Have a UK writer (national or resident), or
 - ✓ Have a UK director (national or resident), or
 - ✓ Be certified as an official UK co-production.
- The film will need to be certified as a low-budget film by the BFI.
- ✓ The film will need to demonstrate the intention of a 'theatrical release'.
- ✓ At least 10% of a production's core expenditure must be used or consumed in the UK.
- Qualifying productions must have started principal photography on or after 1 April 2024.
- Only expenditure incurred after 1 April 2024 can be claimed.

To qualify, and if there is more than one director or scriptwriter, the 'lead' scriptwriter or director is defined as someone whose contribution to the film is equal to or greater than the contribution by any other person employed in that role.

The claims process – key dates and what to expect

Claims can be submitted to HMRC from 1 April 2025 onwards for expenditure incurred from 1 April 2024, but only if the film began principal photography after 1 April 2024.

Continued overleaf



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continued

The claims process continued

As part of the application for a Certificate of a Low Budget Film, information must be provided to the BFI in addition to that required for the standard Cultural Test. This includes:

- The total cost of film by category (cost report), broken down into core expenditure and non-core expenditure.
- Details of lead UK scriptwriter or director name, role, explanation as to why they are the lead scriptwriter or director, employment contract for that person. If there are multiple directors or scriptwriters, the contract of employment for all directors or scriptwriters. For scriptwriters, also the Chain of Title showing that the rights sit with the production company.
- A statutory declaration confirming the veracity of the application
- An accountant's report verifying the core and noncore spend breakdown and that the person in the creative connection condition satisfied the citizen/ordinary resident requirement.

In submitting claims, companies will be expected to submit:

- an additional information form for the relevant period
- their BFI certificate.

The claim will be submitted as part of the Company Tax Return. Claims will be checked and paid provided that all necessary documentation has been provided.

If budgets run over £23.5m

While the budget condition has been expanded to a maximum core spend of £23.5m, the IFTC is still capped at 80% of £15m. Beyond budgets of £23.5m, productions are better off applying for the standard AVEC relief.

An example:



Film budget: £15 million budget

Total core expenditure: £15 million

Qualifying expenditure applying the 80% cap: £12 million (provided all of it was used and consumed in the UK)

Qualifying expenditure x IFTC 53% credit rate:
Applying the 53% brings a tax credit of
£6.36 million

Note this is the maximum amount a film can claim. The £6.36 million is classified as an "above the line" credit before tax.

Applying the corporation tax

The credit is then subject to corporation tax at the applicable rate for the size of the company. This must also be set against any other tax liabilities of the company before it can be paid to the company as cash.

Assuming the company pays corporation tax at 25%:

The most credit a film could receive in cash is £4.77 million.

Note: If the claim was made under AVEC for the same film (ie applying AVEC's 34% credit), the most it could receive is £3.06 million.

Can we help?

We are currently helping film, TV, children's TV and animation companies understand the impact of IFTC and AVEC on their productions and assess when to migrate across to the new system. Our track-record in enabling businesses in the broadcast industry successfully claim the relevant tax reliefs, means we are well-placed to answer your questions.

Contact one of our team of specialists on t: +44 (0)20 7312 0000 or e: Steve Joberns, Gurvir Cheema, Lauren Gilman

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Accountancy, tax and business support for Film, Television and Animation production

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Specific advice should be obtained before taking action, or refraining from taking action, on any of the points covered in this briefing.

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